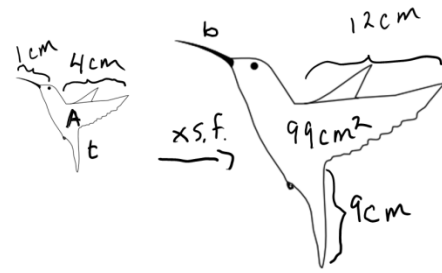


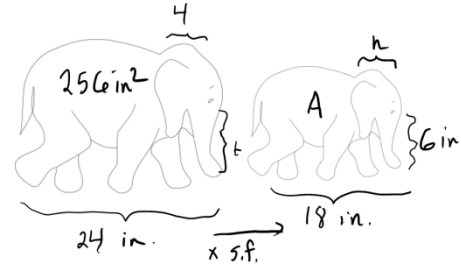
Final Exam Practice Problems Solutions

1.	original	scale factor	new
beak	1 cm		3 cm
wing	4 cm	$\times 3$	12 cm
tail	3 cm		9 cm
Area	11 cm		99 cm ²



$$99 \div 3^2$$

2.	original	scale factor	new
trunk	8 in.		6 in
length	24 in	$\times 3/4$	18 in
head	4 in	$\times 3/4$	3 in.
area	256 in ²		144 in ²



$$t \cdot \frac{3}{4} = 6$$

$$t = 6 \cdot \frac{4}{3} = \frac{24}{3} = 8$$

$$256 \times \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{256 \times 9}{16} = 144$$

$$24 \times 6 = 144$$

$$18 \times 8 = 144$$

3. I have two similar/proportional pictures of a bus. If the smaller bus has area 15 cm², and the area of the large bus is 60 cm², what is the (length) scale factor that compares the large one to the small one? = 2

$$15 \times \left(\frac{\square}{4}\right)^2 = 60$$

$$15 \times 2^2 = 60$$

$$15 = 3 \times 5 \text{ cm}^2 \Rightarrow (3 \times 2) \times (5 \times 2) = 60 \text{ cm}^2$$

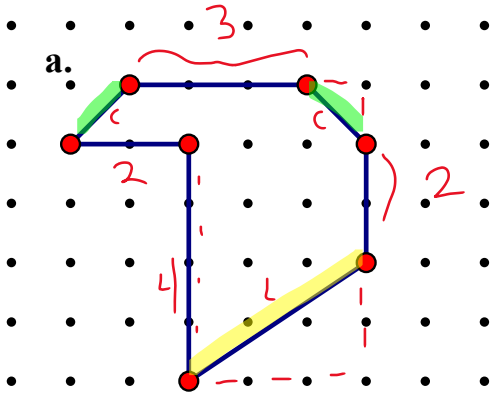
4. Maya painted a tiger that was 12 inches high, and it used 1/2 oz of paint. If she wants to enlarge her picture (proportionately) to make a mural 6 feet high, how much paint will she need? (this one is extra tricky)

$$12 \text{ inches} = 1 \text{ ft} \xrightarrow{\times 6} 6 \text{ ft}$$

Amount of paint needed is proportional to area

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 6^2 = 18 \text{ oz}$$

5. Figure out the side lengths and find each of these perimeters. Show your work in a neat, easy to follow way (assume a 1-cm grid size).



$$1^2 + 1^2 = c^2 \quad 2^2 + 3^2 = l^2$$

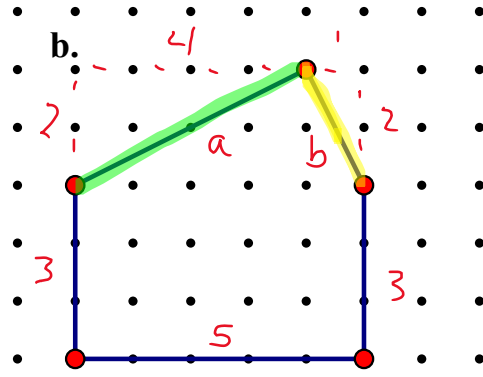
$$2 = c^2 \quad 4 + 9 = l^2$$

$$\sqrt{2} = c \quad 13 = l^2$$

$$\sqrt{13} = l$$

$$P = 2 + 4 + \sqrt{13} + 2 + \sqrt{2} + 3 + \sqrt{2}$$

$$= 11 + \sqrt{13} + 2\sqrt{2} \text{ cm.}$$



$$4^2 + 2^2 = a^2 \quad 1^2 + 2^2 = b^2$$

$$16 + 4 = a^2 \quad 1 + 4 = b^2$$

$$20 = a^2 \quad 5 = b^2$$

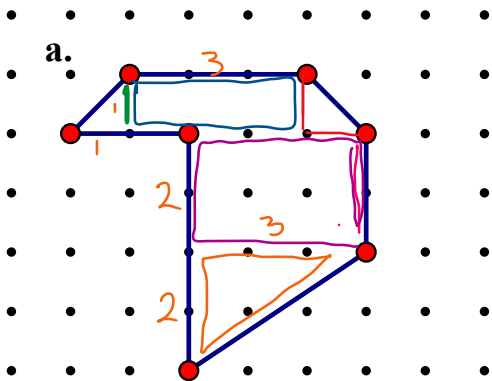
$$a = \sqrt{20} \quad b = \sqrt{5}$$

$$P = 3 + 5 + 3 + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{20}$$

$$= 11 + \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{20} \text{ cm} \leftarrow \text{OK final}$$

$$= 11 + \sqrt{5} + 2\sqrt{5} = 11 + 3\sqrt{5} \text{ cm}$$

6. Find the areas of the shapes in #5

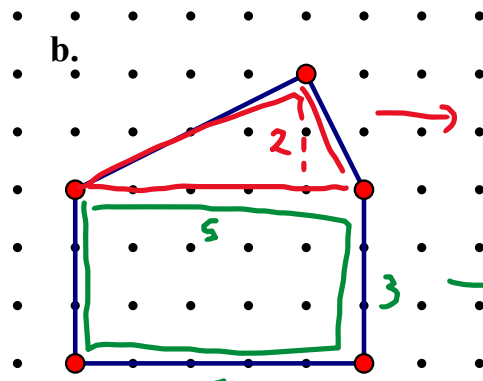


$$\triangle: \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{2} \quad \triangle: \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{rectangle} = 3 \quad \text{rectangle}: 2 \times 3 = 6$$

$$\triangle: \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot 3 = 3$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + 3 + 6 + 3 = 13 \text{ cm}^2$$

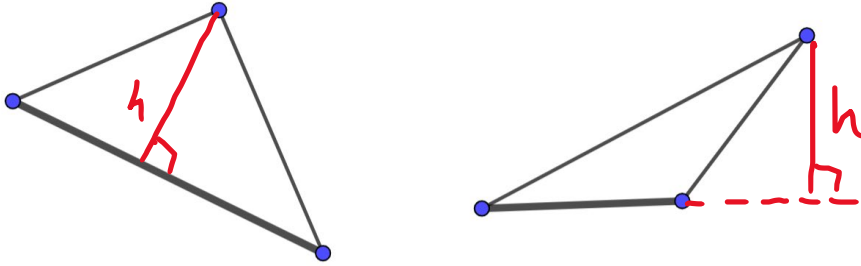


$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 5 \cdot 2 = 5$$

$$3 \times 5 = 15$$

$$A = 5 + 15 = 20 \text{ cm}^2$$

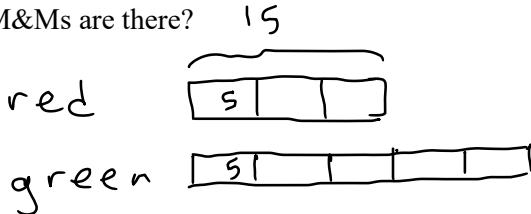
7. Draw the heights that correspond to the bold base in these triangles:



8. For the word problems below:

- Draw a bar diagram (or similar ~~bar~~ diagram)
- Solve the problem by multiplying and dividing by whole numbers
- Write a fraction multiplication expression for the solution

a. In a bag of M&Ms there are $\frac{3}{5}$ as many red M&Ms as green M&Ms. There are 15 red M&Ms. How many green M&Ms are there?

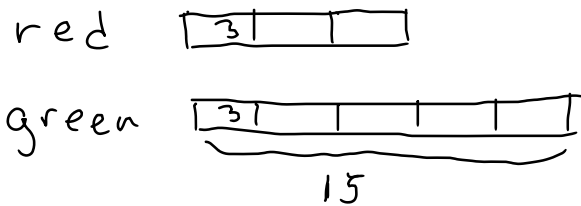


$$15 \div 3 = 5$$

$$5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ green}$$

$$15 \times \frac{1}{3} \times 5 = 15 \times \frac{5}{3}$$

b. In a bag of M&Ms there are $\frac{3}{5}$ as many red M&Ms as green M&Ms. There are 15 green M&Ms. How many red M&Ms are there?

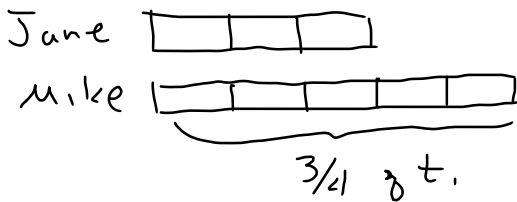


$$15 \div 5 = 3$$

$$3 \times 3 = 9 \text{ reds}$$

$$15 \times \frac{1}{5} \times 3 = 15 \times \frac{3}{5}$$

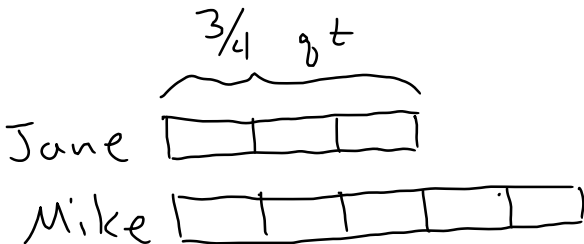
c. Mike has $\frac{3}{4}$ of a quart of juice. Jane has $\frac{3}{5}$ as much juice as Mike. How much juice does Jane have?



$$\frac{3}{4} \div 5 = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{20}$$

$$\frac{3}{20} \times 3 = \frac{9}{20} \text{ qt} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{5}$$

d. Jane has $\frac{3}{4}$ of a quart of juice. Jane has $\frac{3}{5}$ as much juice as Mike. How much juice does Mike have?

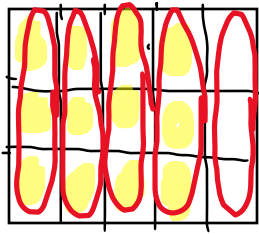


$$\frac{3}{4} \div 3 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \times 5 = \frac{5}{4} \text{ qt}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} \times 5 = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{5}{3}$$

9. Explain (using a diagram) how to simplify 12/15



Groups shaded

$$\frac{12}{15} = \frac{12 \div 3}{15 \div 3} = \frac{4}{5}$$

groups in 1 whole

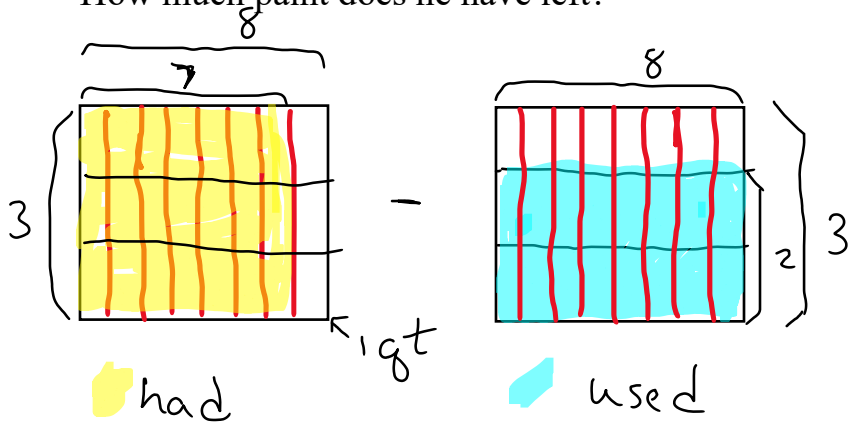
divide both 12 and 15 by 3:
make groups of 3



10. For the problem: $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{2}{3}$

- Write a word problem
- Show how to solve it with a diagram
- Show how to solve it with a numerical algorithm
- Explain how the diagram work matches the number work.

a. Jack had $\frac{7}{8}$ of a quart of paint. He used $\frac{2}{3}$ of a quart of paint to paint his book shelf. How much paint does he have left?



$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{2}{3} =$$

shaded yellow shaded blue

$$\frac{7 \times 3}{8 \times 3} - \frac{2 \times 8}{3 \times 8} = \frac{21}{24} - \frac{16}{24} = \frac{21-16}{24} = \frac{5}{24}$$

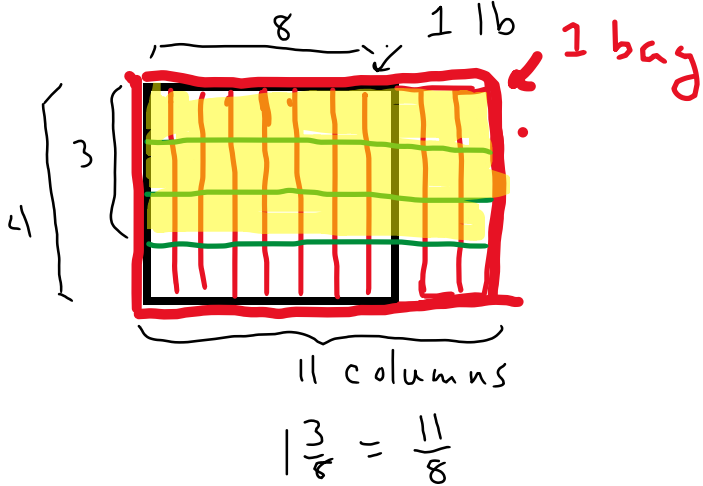
whole split each split each

$\frac{1}{8}$ into 3 pieces $\frac{1}{3}$ into 8 pieces

11. For the problem: $1\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{4}$

- Write a word problem
- Show how to solve it with a diagram
- Show how to solve it with a numerical algorithm
- Explain how the diagram work matches the number work.

A **bag** of nuts has $1\frac{3}{8}$ lbs of nuts in it. How much is in $\frac{3}{4}$ of a bag?



$1\frac{3}{8}$ in a set (bag)

$\frac{3}{4}$ set(s)

= total (product)

across x down

$$1\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{11}{8} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{11 \times 3}{8 \times 4}$$

draw in all eighths

parts in 1 lb across x down

$$= \frac{33}{32} \text{ lbs}$$

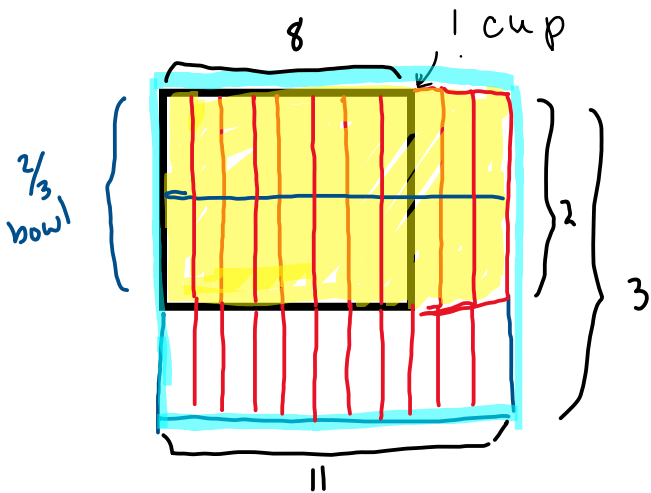
12. For the problem: $1\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{2}{3}$

- Write a word problem
- Show how to solve it with a diagram
- Show how to solve it with a numerical algorithm
- Explain how the diagram work matches the number work.

A partition division answer

I have $1\frac{3}{8}$ cups of ice cream. It fills my bowl $\frac{2}{3}$ of the way full. How much ice cream can a full bowl hold?

$1\frac{3}{8}$ is the amount I have. It fits evenly into $\frac{2}{3}$ of a bowl (number of sets). How much is in 1 bowl (set)?



Amt total (distributed/ shared)

1 (full) bowl

diagram solution: $\frac{11 \times 3}{8 \times 2}$ cups = $\frac{33}{16}$ cups

Annotations: 'amt in bowl' points to the numerator (11 x 3). 'amt in cup' points to the denominator (8 x 2).

numerical solution

$$1\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{11}{8} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{11}{8} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{11 \times 3}{8 \times 2} = \frac{33}{16}$$

Annotations: 'amt in bowl' points to the numerator (11 x 3). 'amt in 1 cup' points to the denominator (8 x 2).

show all of the $\frac{1}{8}$'s

The labels show how numbers and diagram match

12. For the problem: $1\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{2}{3}$

- Write a word problem
- Show how to solve it with a diagram
- Show how to solve it with a numerical algorithm
- Explain how the diagram work matches the number work.

A measurement division answer

I have $1\frac{3}{8}$ cups of sugar. I have sugar bowls that hold $\frac{2}{3}$ cups of sugar. How many sugar bowls can I fill?

$1\frac{3}{8}$ is the total amount I start with. I make groups of size $\frac{2}{3}$. I want to know how many groups.

1 cup

another bowl

1 bowl = $\frac{2}{3}$ cup

$1\frac{3}{8} = \frac{11}{8}$

1/16 of a bowl left over

pic. solution

number solution

= total sugar ($1\frac{3}{8}$ c of sugar)

amt of \square I have total 2

amt of \square in $\frac{2}{3}$ cup

$$1\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{11}{8} \div \frac{2}{3} = \frac{11 \times 3}{8 \times 3} \div \frac{2 \times 8}{3 \times 8}$$

amt of \square in 1 c.

$$= \frac{33}{24} \div \frac{16}{24} = 33 \div 16 = \frac{33}{16} = 2\frac{1}{16} \text{ bowls}$$

make groups of 16 \square out of the 33 \square

2 groups/bowls