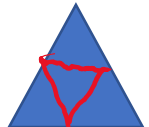
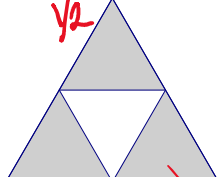
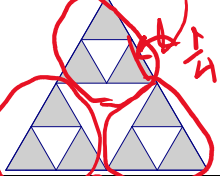



Sierpinski triangle/gasket

rule: connect the midpoints and erase the middle


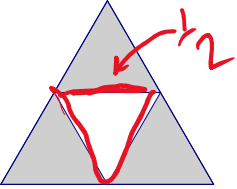
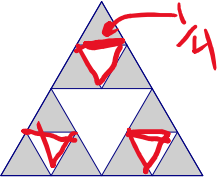
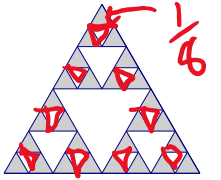
	Iteration number 0	How many triangles 1	Length of a side 1 u	Area of each triangle 1 T	How long are the lines (total length)? 3 u	How much area does it have? 1 T
	1	3	$\frac{1}{2} u$	$\frac{1}{4} T$	$3 \cdot 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} u$	$\frac{3}{4} T$
	2	$3 \cdot 3 = 3^2$	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 u$	$\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} T$ $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2$	$3^2 \cdot 3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 u$	$\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4} T$
	3	$3 \cdot 9 = 27$ $= 3^3$	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 u$	$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3 T$	$3^3 \cdot 3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 u$	$\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 T$
	n	$3^n$	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u$	$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n T$	$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n \cdot 3 u$	$\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n T$
Limit	$n \rightarrow \infty$				$\infty$	

$$r > 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} r^n = \infty$$

$$r < 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} r^n = 0$$

	iteration	New lengths	Total length
	0	3 u	3
	1	$3 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$	$3 + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$
	2	$3 \cdot 3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$ ↑ ↑ 3 sides	$3 + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 3 \cdot 3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$
	3	$3^2 \cdot 3 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3$ ↑ ↑ Δs sides	$3 + 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} + 3 \cdot 3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 3^2 \cdot 3 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3$
	n		$3 + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^3 + \dots + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n$ $a = 3/2 \quad r = 3/2$ $3 + -3 + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n \cdot 3 = 3 \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n$
Limit			

Geometric series

$a$  = first term, common ratio  $r$

has  $n$  terms

$$S = \frac{a - ar^n}{1 - r} = \frac{3/2 - \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n}{1 - 3/2} = \frac{3/2 (1 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n)}{-1/2}$$

$$= -\frac{2 \cdot 3}{2} \left(1 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n\right)$$
$$= -3 + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n \cdot 3$$